We regret the errors and apologize to the readers for any inconvenience.

Anjali Jain, MD
Jaclyn Marshall, MS
Ami Buikema, MPH
Tim Bancroft, PhD
Jonathan P. Kelly, MPP
Craig Newschaffer, PhD

Author Affiliations: The Lewin Group, Falls Church, Virginia (Jain, Marshall, Kelly); Optum, Eden Prairie, Minnesota (Buikema, Bancroft); A. J. Drexel Autism Institute, Drexel University, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Newschaffer).

Corresponding Author: Anjali Jain, MD, The Lewin Group, Federal Health, 3130 Fairview Park Dr, Falls Church, VA 22042 (anjali.jain@lewin.com).

Conflict of Interest Disclosures: The authors have completed and submitted the ICMJE Form for Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest. Dr Jain, Ms Marshall, and Mr Kelly reported being employees of The Lewin Group. Ms Buikema and Dr Bancroft are employees of Optum. Optum is a wholly owned subsidiary of UnitedHealth Group and The Lewin Group is an Optum company. The Lewin Group operates with editorial independence. No other disclosures were reported.


CORRECTION

Incorrect Variable Description: In the Original Investigation entitled “Autism Occurrence by MMR Vaccine Status Among US Children With Older Siblings With and Without Autism” published in the April 21, 2015, issue of JAMA, an incorrect description of when MMR vaccine was received and a number of minor errors in data were discovered after publication. A Letter to the Editor accompanies this Correction that fully explains the details and resolution of these errors. In addition, this article was corrected online.


Error in the Figure: In the Original Investigation entitled “Early Administration of Azithromycin and Prevention of Severe Lower Respiratory Tract Illnesses in Preschool Children With a History of Such Illnesses: A Randomized Clinical Trial” published in the November 17, 2015, issue of JAMA, data were incorrect in Figure 3. In Figure 3, the data in the graph were shifted right relative to the horizontal axis scale. This article was corrected online.


Incorrect Author Contributions: In the Original Investigation entitled “Prevalence of Body Mass Index Lower Than 16 Among Women in Low- and Middle-Income Countries” published in the November 24, 2015, issue of JAMA, the Author Contributions section was incorrect. This article was corrected online.


Guidelines for Letters

Letters discussing a recent JAMA article should be submitted within 4 weeks of the article’s publication in print. Letters received after 4 weeks will rarely be considered. Letters should not exceed 400 words of text and 5 references and may have no more than 3 authors. Letters reporting original research should not exceed 600 words of text and 6 references and may have no more than 7 authors. They may include up to 2 tables or figures but online supplementary material is not allowed. All letters should include a word count. Letters must not duplicate other material published or submitted for publication. Letters not meeting these specifications are generally not considered. Letters being considered for publication ordinarily will be sent to the authors of the JAMA article, who will be given the opportunity to reply. Letters will be published at the discretion of the editors and are subject to abridgement and editing. Further instructions can be found at http://jama.com/public/InstructionsForAuthors.aspx. A signed statement for authorship criteria and responsibility, financial disclosure, copyright transfer, and acknowledgment and the ICMJE Form for Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest are required before publication. Letters should be submitted via the JAMA online submission and review system at http://manuscripts.jama.com. For technical assistance, please contact jama-letters@jamanetwork.org.

Section Editor: Jody W. Zylke, MD, Deputy Editor.